

# Diabetes Mellitus ICD-10-CM Coding

## MEDESUN MEDICAL CODING ACADEMY

E08	E09	E10	E11	E13
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Diabetes due to Underlying Condition</li> </ul> <p>Code first underlying condition</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Diabetes due to drugs/chemicals</li> </ul> <p>use of steroids, cortisones etc</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type-1</li> </ul> <p>Juvenile Brittle Idiopathic Ketonprone</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type-2</li> </ul> <p>Type of diabetes not documented Insulin resistant</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Other specified Diabetes</li> </ul> <p>Genetic defects Postprocedural</p>

## IMPORTANT POINTS

Condition	Codes
Multiple conditions documented	<p>List as many codes as possible</p> <p>The first code should be reason for visit</p> <p>Code also Z79.4, Z79.84. Z79.85 as appropriate</p>
Type of Diabetes not documented	<p>Assign code E11-Type 2 Diabetes</p> <p>Code also Z79.4, Z79.84. Z79.85 as appropriate</p>
Short term use of insulin given temporarily to control blood sugar	<p><b>Do not code Z79.4 or Z79.84.</b> These codes are only for long term use</p>
Diabetes due to post pancreatotomy	<p>E89.1 - Postprocedural hypoinsulinemia</p> <p>Then assign E13-Secondary Diabetes, then Z90.41</p> <p>Code also Z79.4, Z79.84. Z79.85 as appropriate</p>
Diabetes due to adverse effects of drugs	<p>E09-Diabetes due to drugs/chemicals</p> <p>T38.OX5, then assign. Code also Z79.4, Z79.84. Z79.85 as appropriate</p>
Diabetes due to poisoning	<p>T38.3X1, E09, and</p> <p>Code also Z79.4, Z79.84. Z79.85 as appropriate</p>

Pre Diabetes or Borderline diabetes	R73.03
Impaired fasting glucose	R73.01
Hyperglycemia ( Poorly controlled) (out of control) (inadequately controlled)	R73.9
Hypoglycemia	E16.2

## Diabetes in Pregnancy

Condition	Principal Diagnosis	Additional Diagnoses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pre-existing diabetes</li> </ul>	O24.0-O24.3-, O24.8	E 10/E11 as appropriate, code Z79.4, Z79.84. Z79.85 as appropriate, Z3A- weeks of gestation
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Gestational diabetes</li> </ul>	O24.4-	Z3A-weeks of gestation Do not code Z79.4, Z79.84

- All the categories above **with the exception of E10** include a note directing coders to use an additional code to identify any insulin use, which is Z79.4, or oral antidiabetic or antiglycemic drugs, Z79.84. Code Z79.4 Long-term (current) use of insulin is added to identify the use of insulin for diabetic management even if the patient is not insulin dependent in code categories E08-E09, E11, or E13. **Z79.4 is not required in coding of Type 1 diabetes because use of insulin is required to sustain life.**
- The fact that a patient is receiving insulin does not indicate Type 1 DM.
- Diabetes mellitus codes are **combination codes** that include the **TYPE** of diabetes mellitus, the body system affected, and the **COMPLICATIONS** affecting that body system.
- Glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1C) - This blood test indicates average blood sugar level for the past two to three months.
- Type-1: Autoimmune disease-Destruction of pancreas-occurs typically in childhood
- Type-2: Pancreas produces insulin but not sufficient due to obesity, age, genetic etc
- ICD-10-CM **presumes a causal relationship between diabetes and the terms** listed under Diabetes, diabetic/with in the Alphabetic Index unless the documentation specifically states the conditions are unrelated.

**Type 1.5 Diabetes** - ICD-10 does not recognize this diagnosis specifically-as per TPer Coding Clinic 3rd qtr. 2018, pgs. 4-5-Assign codes from category E13 for Diabetes 1.5

**MODY Diabetes** - stands for Maturity Onset Diabetes of the Young - This would code to an E13 code for other specified DM

An **abnormal glucose tolerance in pregnancy**, without a diagnosis of gestational diabetes, is assigned a code from subcategory **O99.81**.

*Hyperosmolarity, ketoacidosis, and hypoglycemia* are acute metabolic complications.

**Peripheral vascular disease** is a frequent complication of diabetes mellitus.

Patients who have both **diabetes and hypertension** may develop chronic kidney disease as a result

Examples:

1. A **type 2** diabetic patient evaluated for a **chronic diabetic left foot ulcer** with **necrosis** of muscle. The patient takes **insulin** on a **daily** basis. The coding would follow:

ICD-10-CM Codes:

- **E11.621**, Type 2 diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
- **L97.523**, Non-pressure chronic ulcer of other part of left foot with necrosis of muscle
- **Z79.4**, Long term (current) use of insulin

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