

COPD ICD-10-CM CODING

MEDESUN MEDICAL CODING ACADEMY

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) is a general term used to describe a variety of conditions that result in obstruction of the airway for meaningful discussions.

COPD is chronic bronchitis and emphysema that causes the respiratory passages to narrow.

Emphysema and chronic bronchitis are specified types of COPD

Asthma is not included in the definition of COPD

COPD Unspecified	J44.9
COPD with acute LRTI	J44.0, then code for infection
COPD with acute exacerbation/Decompensated/worsening	J44.1
Asthma with COPD	J45- or J44.9, then code for infection if documented
Chronic Obstructive asthma	J45- or J44.9, then code for infection if documented
Asthma only-No COPD	Code from category J45-
Eosinophilic asthma	Code from category J45-, then J82.83
Chronic asthmatic bronchitis	J44-, then code from category J45-, then infection code is documented

Emphysema - Chronic condition - air sacs destroyed/narrowed

Emphysema with chronic bronchitis - J44-

Emphysema with COPD - J44-

Emphysema, no COPD - J43-

Emphysema with obstructive bronchitis - J44-

Emphysema due to inhalation of gases/fumes etc -J68.4

Neonatal Emphysema - P25.0

OTHER RELATED CONDITIONS

Chronic bronchitis - J42

Bronchiectasis - J47-

Chronic tracheitis - J42

Chronic obstructive trachea-bronchitis-J44-

Chronic obstructive bronchitis - J44.9

Mucopurulent chronic bronchitis - J41-

INFLUENZA VIRUSES

Type	Codes	Guidelines
H1N1 or H3N2 Not Novel	J10-	Code only confirmed cases Assign J11-if not documented
H5N1 / Swine / Avian or other Novel influenza A	J09.X-	Code only confirmed cases Assign J11-if not documented
xx minutes	Assessment or Evaluation	

- Novel influenza A is also known as bird or avian flu
- The immunization is reported with Z23
- If the provider records “suspected” or “possible” or “probable” avian influenza, or novel influenza, or other identified influenza, then the appropriate influenza code from category J11, I